

EPR Domestic Packaging Rates

The system contribution values are calculated considering the costs generated by the management of household packaging put on the market by producers. Included in these costs are different variables that can attenuate or increase the result of the rates, such as operational costs, types of materials and quantities managed, packaging subject to specific requirements such as single-use plastic packaging (SUP)... As a result of these variables the current rates are as defined follows:

Table of Domestic Packaging EPR rates 2024

Materials	Neutral Value (€ / Kg)
Steel (beverage cans)	0,196
Steel (other packaging)	0,185
Aluminium (beverage cans)	0,062
Aluminium (other packaging)	0,048
PET Bottles PET ≤3L (excl. dairy and vegetable)	0,600
PET rigid packaging	0,521
PET rigid packaging SUP	0,576
HDPE rigid container	0,399
HDPE rigid container SUP	0,454
Other rigid plastics *	0,721
Other rigid plastics SUP *	0,776
Film and flexible plastic **.	1,081
Film and flexible plastic SUP **	1,136
Film and flexible plastic UNE ** Bags	0,632
Non SUP compostable packaging	0,223
SUP compostable packaging	0,278
Brik packaging not SUP	0,550
SUP brik packaging	0,605
Paper and cardboard NOT SUP	0,135
Paper and cardboard SUP (with plastic) SUP	0,190
Ceramics	0,014
Wood and cork	0,007
Other materials ***	1,081

SUP: Packaging affected by the SUP Directive (Single Use Plastics) EU 2019/94

*Other rigid plastics: includes rigid PP, PS, PVC, EPS and other rigid plastics

**Film and flexible plastics: includes flexible PET, LDPE, HDPE, PP, EPS and other flexible plastics

*** Other materials: Any materials other than glass, which don't appear in the groups above

In the case of glass, the calculation of the rates to be applied takes into account two aspects: the weight of the container and the number of units placed on the market.

Material	Weight factor (€ / Kg)	Factor no. of packaging units
Glass	0,03167	0,00449

On the other hand, the Royal Decree on Packaging and Packaging Waste 1055/2023 and the new European Packaging Regulation (7894/24) indicate the need to use modulation systems in the contributions to the SCRAPS. Ecomodulation is the mechanism used for this purpose and it is a readjustment of the contributions aimed at encouraging good practice methods in packaging design in order to improve the recyclability of packaging and to stimulate the use and quality of raw recycled materials. It will be expressed according to the following bonuses and penalties on the neutral value of the tariff (depending on the characteristics of the packaging attributes):

Fractions	Bonus with 2 attributes	Bonus with 1 attribute	Value with penalty-eligible attribute
OTHER RIGID PLASTICS (PP, PS, PVC, EPS and others)	Neutral value - 3.2%.	Neutral value - 1.6%.	Neutral value + 10%.
HDPE	Neutral value - 11.9%.	Neutral value - 5.95%	Neutral value + 10%.
FLEXIBLE PLASTIC	Neutral value - 1.2%.	Neutral value - 0.6%.	Neutral value + 10%.
PET TRAY		Neutral value - 5.55%.	Neutral value + 10%.
PET NO TRAY	Neutral value - 1.13%.	Neutral value - 0.57%.	Neutral value + 10%.
CARDBOARD PAPER			Neutral value + 10%.
GLASS			Neutral value + 50% cumulative depending on the number of penalties